# **Report Preparation**

## 320.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Report preparation is a major part of each officer's job. The purpose of reports is to document sufficient information to refresh the officer's memory and to provide sufficient information for followup investigation and successful prosecution. Report writing is the subject of substantial formalized training and on-the-job training.

## 320.1.1 REPORT PREPARATION

Employees should ensure that reports are sufficiently detailed for their purpose and free from errors prior to submission. It is the responsibility of the assigned employee to complete and submit all reports taken during the shift before going off-duty unless permission to hold the report has been approved by a supervisor. Generally, reports requiring prompt follow-up action on active leads, or arrest reports where the suspect remains in custody should not be held.

Handwritten reports must be prepared legibly. If the report is not legible, the submitting employee will be required by the reviewing supervisor to promptly make corrections and resubmit the report. Employees who dictate reports shall use appropriate grammar, as content is not the responsibility of the typist. Employees who generate reports on computers are subject to all requirements of this policy.

All reports shall accurately reflect the identity of the persons involved, all pertinent information seen, heard or assimilated by any other sense, and any actions taken. Employees shall not suppress, conceal or distort the facts of any reported incident, nor shall any employee make a false report orally or in writing. Generally, the reporting employee's opinions should not be included in reports unless specifically identified as such.

## 320.2 REQUIRED REPORTING

Written reports are required in all of the following situations on the appropriate department approved form unless otherwise approved by a supervisor.

## 320.2.1 CRIMINAL ACTIVITY

When a member responds to a call for service, or as a result of self-initiated activity becomes aware of any activity where a crime has occurred, the member shall document the incident regardless of whether a victim desires prosecution. Activity to be documented in a written report includes:

- (a) All arrests
- (b) All felony crimes
- (c) Non-Felony incidents involving threats or stalking behavior
- (d) Situations covered by separate policy. These include:
  - (a) Use of Force Policy
  - (b) Domestic Violence Policy

- (c) Child Abuse Policy
- (d) Senior and Disability Victimization Policy
- (e) Hate Crimes Policy
- (f) Suspicious Activity Reporting Policy
- (g) Sexual Violence Response, Investigation, Title IX, CLERY, and VAWA Policy.
- (e) All misdemeanor crimes where the victim desires a report

Misdemeanor crimes where the victim does not desire a report shall be documented using the department-approved alternative reporting method (e.g., dispatch log).

#### 320.2.2 NON-CRIMINAL ACTIVITY

The following incidents shall be documented using the appropriate approved report:

- (a) Anytime an officer points a firearm at any person
- (b) Any use of force against any person by a member of this department (see the Use of Force Policy)
- (c) Any firearm discharge (see the Firearms Policy)
- (d) Anytime a person is reported missing, regardless of jurisdiction (see the Missing Persons Policy)
- (e) Any found property or found evidence
- (f) Any traffic collisions above the minimum reporting level (see Traffic Collision Reporting Policy)
- (g) Suspicious incidents that may indicate a potential for crimes against children or that a child's safety is in jeopardy
- (h) All protective custody detentions (e.g. 5150 WIC or 300 WIC, etc.)
- (i) Suspicious incidents that may place the public or others at risk
- (j) Fires on campus
- (k) Behavioral health crisis
- (I) Citizen complaints (see Personnel Complaints Policy)
- (m) Whenever the employee believes the circumstances should be documented or at the direction of a supervisor
- (n) Non-criminal hate violence incidents (Education Code 67380)
- (o) Any non-investigative sexual assault (Penal Code 13823.95(b))
- (p) As prescribed by any CSU PD policy, state, or federal law

#### 320.2.3 DEATH CASES

Death investigations require specific investigation methods depending on circumstances and should be handled in accordance with the Death Investigations Policy. The handling officer should

## **Report Preparation**

notify and apprise a supervisor of the circumstances surrounding the incident to determine how to proceed. The following cases shall be appropriately investigated and documented using the approved report:

- (a) Sudden or accidental deaths.
- (b) Suicides.
- (c) Homicide or suspected homicide.
- (d) Unattended deaths (No physician or qualified hospice care in the 20 days preceding death).
- (e) Found dead bodies or body parts.

#### 320.2.4 INJURY OR DAMAGE BY STATE PERSONNEL

Reports shall be taken if an injury occurs that is a result of an act of a State employee. Additionally, reports shall be taken involving damage to State property or State equipment.

#### 320.2.5 MISCELLANEOUS INJURIES

Any injury that is reported to this department shall require a report when:

- (a) The injury is a result of drug overdose
- (b) Attempted suicide
- (c) The injury is major/serious, whereas death could result
- (d) The circumstances surrounding the incident are suspicious in nature and it is desirable to record the event

The above reporting requirements are not intended to be all-inclusive. A supervisor may direct an employee to document any incident he/she deems necessary.

#### 320.2.6 MANDATORY REPORTING OF JUVENILE GUNSHOT INJURIES

A report shall be taken when any incident in which a child 18 years or younger suffered an unintentional or self-inflicted gunshot wound. The Records Bureau shall notify the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) of the incident as required by CDPH (Penal Code § 23685).

#### 320.2.7 ALTERNATE REPORTING FOR VICTIMS

If available, reports that may be submitted by the public via online or other self-completed reporting processes include:

- (a) Lost property.
- (b) Misdemeanor thefts of property, other than firearms or materials that threaten public safety, when there is no suspect information, serial number or ability to trace the item.
  - 1. Misdemeanor thefts of cellular telephones may be reported even though they have a serial number.
- (c) Misdemeanor vandalism with no suspect information and no hate crime implications.
- (d) Vehicle burglaries with no suspect information or evidence.

- (e) Stolen vehicle attempts with no suspect information or evidence.
- (f) Annoying telephone calls with no suspect information.
- (g) Identity theft without an identifiable suspect.
- (h) Online or email fraud solicitations without an identifiable suspect and if the financial loss classifies the crime as a misdemeanor.
- (i) Hit-and-run vehicle collisions with no suspect or suspect vehicle.
- (j) Supplemental property lists.

Members at the scene of one of the above incidents should not refer the reporting party to an alternate means of reporting without authorization from a supervisor. Members may refer victims to online victim assistance programs (e.g., Federal Communications Commission (FCC) website for identity theft, Internet Crime Complaint Center (IC3) website for computer crimes).

## 320.2.8 RECORD OF INCIDENTS (CAD)

At times, calls-for-service/incidents do not require a written report as specified in the previous sections of this policy. These incidents shall still be recorded via a CAD incident report. In the incident description section, both the dispatcher and officers should document pertinent and available information for the following:

- (a) Reports of violations of institutional policies
- (b) Calls for service or assistance to individuals on campus property
- (c) Assisting outside agencies that are performing official duties on campus property
- (d) Citations or summons

## 320.3 GENERAL POLICY OF EXPEDITIOUS REPORTING

In general, all officers and supervisors shall act with promptness and efficiency in the preparation and processing of all reports. An incomplete report, unorganized reports or reports delayed without supervisory approval are not acceptable. Reports shall be processed according to established priorities or according to special priority necessary under exceptional circumstances.

It is the responsibility of the assigned member to complete and submit all reports during their scheduled shift, before going off duty, unless permission to hold the report has been approved by a supervisor. All reports, including those returned for correction, must be completed and submitted by the member before going on their regularly scheduled days off.

#### 320.3.1 GENERAL POLICY OF HANDWRITTEN REPORTS

Some incidents and report forms lend themselves to block print rather than typing. In general, the narrative portion of those reports where an arrest is made or when there is a long narrative should be typed or dictated.

Supervisors may require, with the foregoing general policy in mind, block printing or typing of reports of any nature for department consistency.

## 320.3.2 GENERAL USE OF OTHER HANDWRITTEN FORMS

County, state and federal agency forms may be block printed as appropriate. In general, the form itself may make the requirement for typing apparent.

## 320.4 REPORT CORRECTIONS

Supervisors shall review reports for content and accuracy. If a correction is necessary, the reviewing supervisor should complete the Report Correction form stating the reasons for rejection. The original report and the correction form should be returned to the reporting employee for correction as soon as practical. It shall be the responsibility of the originating officer to ensure that any report returned for correction is processed in a timely manner.

## 320.5 REPORT CHANGES OR ALTERATIONS

Supervisors should utilize the CAD case approval process to notify officers of any corrections needed. It shall be the responsibility of the originating officer to ensure that any report returned for correction is processed and acknowledged in a timely manner.

Reports that have been approved by a supervisor and submitted to the Records Bureau for filing and distribution shall not be modified or altered except by way of a supplemental report. Reviewed reports that have not yet been submitted to the Records Bureau may be corrected or modified by the authoring officer only with the knowledge and authorization of the reviewing supervisor.

## 320.6 SUPERVISOR REVIEW

Supervisors shall review submitted reports prior to the end of their shift to ensure that cases with urgent timeframes (court filing timelines) and/or reports with sensitive or important information are processed in a timely manner.

Critical report components, include but are not limited to:

- (a) Overall completeness and accuracy;
- (b) Proper form usage;
- (c) Complete identifying/contact information for all involved parties;
- (d) Inclusion of necessary elements for all crimes being reported;
- (e) Headers and narrative structure consistent with policy and practice (e.g. traffic collision reports);
- (f) Documentation of probable cause leading to the officer's actions;
- (g) Crime scene investigation and detailed account of evidence recovered, where appropriate;
- (h) Proper grammar, tense, and punctuation;
- (i) Presence of all required attachments;
- (j) Proper sequencing of documents.

#### 320.7 ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES

The Fresno State Police Department has established an electronic signature procedure for use by all employees of the Fresno State Police Department.

- Employees may only use their electronic signature for official reports or other official communications.
- Each employee shall be responsible for the security and use of their electronic signature and shall promptly notify a supervisor if the electronic signature has or may have been compromised or misused.